

NLUJAA

National Law University and Judicial Academy, Assam
B.A., LL.B. (Hons.): II-Year, III-Semester (Academic Year: 2018-19)

Repeat and Re-registered Examination (March, 2019)

Subject Code: 3.1 Economics - I

Time: **2:30 Hrs.**

Total Marks: **70**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
 2. Unnecessary queries on the Question Paper shall not be entertained.
 3. Do not write anything on the question paper. It will be treated as malpractice.
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Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Explain diagrammatically the difference between Change in Quantity Demanded and Change in Demand. "The elasticity of demand goes on decreasing as we move down along a downward sloping demand curve" Elucidate the statement in the context of Geometric Method of measuring elasticity of demand.
2. What is production function and linearly homogeneous production function? Explain the meaning and types of Economies of Scale.
3. "Under Perfect Competition, a firm is a price taker and not a price maker." Explain the statement along with the meaning and features of Perfect Competition.
4. What is Monopolistic Competition? What are its characteristics? Explain the short run Price-Output determination under Monopolistic Competition.
5. Discuss briefly the idea of Scarcity and Differential Rent with the help of diagrams as mentioned by David Ricardo.
6. Write the difference between GDP at market Price and GNP at market Price. Explain the Expenditure method of measuring National Income.

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B.A., LL.B. (Hons.): II-Year, III-Semester (Academic Year: 2018-19)
Semester End Repeat Examination (March, 2019)
Subject Code: 3.2 History - III

Time: **2:30 Hrs.**

Total Marks: **70**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
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Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. What factors led to the fall of the Provisional Government in Russia and rise of the Bolsheviks?
2. Discuss in detail the conditions in Italy in the period after the First World War that brought the Fascist Party to power in 1922.
3. (a) What was the significance of anti-Semitism for the popular appeal of Nazism in Germany?
(b) Discuss briefly Hitler's plan for systematic annihilation of Jews and the extent of its execution during the course of the Second World War.
4. The causes of the Second World War can be traced back to the uneasy peace settlements that were signed after the First World War and Europe's reluctance to go to war again. Discuss.
5. (a) Discuss the significance of the May Fourth Movement in China and its contribution towards the Chinese Communist Revolution.
(b) Discuss the contributions of Martin Luther King Jr. to the Civil Rights Movement in the United States of America.
6. Write Short Notes on **any two** of the following:
 - (a) The Nuremberg Laws, 1935
 - (b) The Boxer Rebellion
 - (c) The Jim Crow Laws
 - (d) Kulaks and Collectivization in the USSR

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Repeat and Re-registered Examination (March, 2019)

Subject Code: 3.3 Political Science - III

Time: **2:30 Hrs.**

Total Marks: **70**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
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Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Explain the theory of realism in International Relations. Also, discuss the similarities and dissimilarities between realism and neo realism in International Relations.
2. Explain the nature and varied causes of global terrorism in the contemporary times. Substantiate your answer by analyzing the impacts of global terrorism in the global politics today.
3. Discuss the core arguments of anarchist ideology in regard to state, human nature, private property, religion and authority. Also, explain the main drawbacks inherent in anarchist ideology from the practical point of view.
4. Explain the basic philosophical stands of the three kinds of Liberalism. Also, write about the primary offshoots of liberalism as an ideology.
5. Discuss the common causes for the rise of fascism as an ideology, particularly in Europe. Also, substantiate your answer by explaining how fascism differs from liberalism in respect of the state, individual right and democracy.
6. Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Balance of Power
 - (b) Collective Security

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Semester End Repeat Examination (March, 2019)

Subject Code: 3.4 Sociology - III

Time: **2:30 Hrs.**
Total Marks: **70**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
 2. Unnecessary queries on the Question Paper shall not be entertained.
 3. Do not write anything on the question paper. It will be treated as malpractice.
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Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Discuss the Differential Association Theory of Crime with suitable illustrations.
2. Write Short Notes on **(any two)**:
 - (a) Marxist Feminism
 - (b) Deterrence Theory of Punishment
 - (c) Classical School's views on Crime and Punishment
3. Discuss the role of Probationary Officer in the process of Probation.
4. Write a brief note on the First wave of Feminism in the world.
5. The rich gets richer and the poor gets prison. In the light of the aforementioned statement discuss the Marxist Perspective of Crime with suitable illustrations.
6. Sex is biological whereas Gender is social. Discuss with illustrations.

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B.A., LL.B. (Hons.): II-Year, III Semester (Academic Year: 2018-19)
Semester End Repeat Examination (March, 2019)
Subject Code: 3.5 Law of Contract - I

Time: **2:30 Hrs.**
Total Marks: **70**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
 2. Unnecessary queries on the Question Paper shall not be entertained.
 3. Do not write anything on the question paper. It will be treated as malpractice.
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Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Explain the doctrine of 'Privity of Contract'. What are the exception to the rule?
2. What do you mean by 'consent ad idem'? Under what circumstances a consent is not said to be free consent?
3. Explain the conditions under which a contingent contract can be enforced and become void?
4. By whom a contract must be performed? What are the consequences of failure to perform a contract within fixed time?
5. What remedies are available for breach of contract?
6. (a) When is person liable to deliver possession of movable property to the person who is entitled to immediate possession under the Specific Relief Act, 1963?

(b) Explain in brief under what circumstances specific performance of part of contract can be enforced?

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B.A., LL.B. (Hons.): II-Year, III Semester (Academic Year: 2018-19)
Semester End Repeat and Re-registered Examination (March, 2019)
Subject Code: 3.6 Jurisprudence - I

Time: **2:30 Hrs.**

Total Marks: **70**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
2. Unnecessary queries on the Question Paper shall not be entertained.
3. Do not write anything on the question paper. It will be treated as malpractice.

Answer any five questions from the following. Question No. 1 is Compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Justice H. R. Khanna in his dissenting opinion in the case of ADM Jabalpur v Shivkant Shukla had said, "The Constitution and the laws of India do not permit life and liberty to be at the mercy of the absolute power of the executive..... What is at stake is the rule of law."

In the light of this above quote critically examine, with necessary examples as discussed, the idea of Rule of Law as was developed by Lon fuller and the requirements he puts forward that the lawmakers must respect if they are to govern legally.

In the light of the famous debate between Hart and Fuller examine whether there is a necessary connection between Law and Morality?

8+6=14 Marks

2. In the light of the relevant thinkers as discussed, critically examine if objective morality is possible only if there is a divine author for such moral principles or whether such moral principles can exist even in the absence of divine authors.

What are effects of Stoic philosophy on the development of jus naturale and jus gentium?

9+5=14 Marks

3. Critically analyse why David Hume thinks that an ought cannot be derived from an is.

In the light of the above examine the idea of objective goods and the objective goods as was identified by John Finnis.

What do you mean by the idea of common good as was developed by John Finnis? Is it utilitarian in nature?

9+5=14 Marks

4. Explain in detail the various tenets of sociological jurisprudence by analyzing various judgments given by the Supreme Court of India.

How is Sociological school of Jurisprudence different from all the other schools of jurisprudence preceding it?

8+6=14 Marks

5. Examine in detail the Position of John Austin and Hans Kelsen on the status of International law and explain thoroughly the reason for their respective positions. What are the different kinds of laws as was identified by John Austin? Examine their differences.

8+6=14 Marks

6. Answer **any two** (each carry equal marks):

7+7=14 Marks

- (a) Due Process of law and Procedure established by law
- (b) The principle of Lex Injusta non est lex in the works of Thomas Aquinas and John Finnis
- (c) Natural Law and Natural Rights.
