

NLUJAA

National Law University and Judicial Academy, Assam
B.A., LL.B. (Hons.): I-Year, I-Semester (Academic Year: 2019-20)

Semester End Examination (December, 2019)

Subject Code: 1.1 English - I

Time: 2:00 Hrs.

Total Marks: 50

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
2. Unnecessary queries on the Question Paper shall not be entertained.
3. Do not write anything on the question paper. It will be treated as malpractice.

Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. "While the most corrupting force on *Animal Farm* was the deception practiced upon the other animals by the pigs, the greatest danger came from the reluctance of the oppressed creatures to believe in an alternative between porcine and human rule". Critically analyse the given statement. Explain how towards the end of the novel, the author saw the beginnings of an alternative in the affirmation of dignity, freedom, and equality silently provided by the nobler qualities of the presumed lower animals.

6+4=10 Marks

2. Answer the following:

5+ 5=10 Marks

(a) What do you mean by the term Expressionism? Explain.

(b) Kafka's novels have an abrupt and a dramatic opening. It is the very opening incident which determines the whole course of action and seals the fate of the protagonist. Do you agree that *The Trial* sets the tone of terror and absurdity from its very inception when Joseph K. is arrested on the morning of his thirtieth birthday? Give a reasoned answer.

3. Answer the following as directed:

3+7=10 Marks

(A) Complete the transcriptions with one of the following diphthongs:

/eɪ/ /aɪ/ /ɔɪ/ /əʊ/ /aʊ/ /ɪə/ /eə/ /ʊə/

1. make /m _ _ k/
2. sure /ʃ _ _/
3. bear /b _ _/
4. island /- - lənd/
5. employ /ɪmpl _ _/
6. hear /h _ _/

(B) Classify the Consonants according to the organs which articulate them along with examples.

4. Answer the following: 5+5=10 Marks

(a) Substitute the given sentences with one word:

- i. An established rule or principle; an accepted truth.
- ii. Based on random choices or personal whims, rather than any reason or system
- iii. Error in the way a law, rule, or contract is written that makes it possible for some people to legally avoid obeying it.
- iv. For an intervening or temporary period of time.
- v. Feelings of sadness mixed with pleasure and affection when one thinks of happy times in the past.

(b) Frame sentences with the idiomatic phrases given:

in the nick of time; through thick and thin; by long odds; rule of thumb; take to heart

5. Explain the following legal maxims: 5+5=10 Marks

- i. *Actio personalis moritur cum persona* (A personal right of action dies with the person)
- ii. *Audi Alterm Partem* (No person should be condemned unheard).

6. Write a paragraph on **any one** of the following topics: 10 Marks

- (a) Appearances can be deceptive.
- (b) As you sow, so shall you reap.

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Subject Code: 1.2 History - I

Time: **2:00 Hrs.**

Total Marks: **50**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
 2. Unnecessary queries on the Question Paper shall not be entertained.
 3. Do not write anything on the question paper. It will be treated as malpractice.
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Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. "Aibak outlined the Delhi Sultanate and its sovereign status; Iltutmish was unquestionably its first king." Comment on the given statement.
2. The evolution of the Company's administrative system was based on certain apparatuses. In this context examine the role of the Police and Army during the initial days of colonization and how these were integrally connected to development of the Indian empire till 1857.
3. The regional powers of the Deccan, viz. Bijapur, Golconda, and Ahmednagar had a crucial role to play in the Maratha-Mughal relations from 1658-1707. Make an assessment of the political dynamics of the period. How did they get embroiled in the conflict?
4. The transition from moderate methods to extreme or revolutionary ones can be observed during the Swadeshi Movement from 1905-1911. What were its causes and the major trends that followed? Why do you think the use of revolutionary terrorism was seen as a necessary means by its practitioners?
5. "Gandhi alone could enter the huts and hearts of the Indian poor..." In light of this statement trace the reasons for Gandhi's popularity in the Indian society during the course of the Indian Nationalist Movement. To what extent did his popularity help in the subsequent movements? Do you think without the use of Gandhian practices the struggle for freedom would have been successful?
6. Write Short Notes on **any two** of the following:
 - a) Harappa Town planning
 - b) Partition of India, 1947
 - c) The Mutiny of 1857
 - d) Birth of the Indian National Congress

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Subject Code: 1.3 Political Science - I

Time: **2:00 Hrs.**

Total Marks: **50**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
 2. Unnecessary queries on the Question Paper shall not be entertained.
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Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. State, which is the core subject matter of Political Science has been evolving passing through distinctive stages and shapes. There are also several prominent theories which advocate the origin of the state. In this light, explain some of the notable phases in the evolution of the modern state. Further, discuss the theories that advance the origin of the state such as theory of divine origin, theory of force and evolutionary theory.
10 Marks
2. John Locke, the English political thinker, had propounded a full-fledged theory about the emergence of the state in the *Two Treatises of Government* in a sharp contrast to the divine right theory about the origin of the state. Elucidate the social contract theory of John Locke in relation to the development of the state. Also, explain how Locke's social contract theory contradicts the divine right theory on the question of the formation of state.
10 Marks
3. Both the unitary form of government and the federal forms of governments are two widely prevailing forms of government in the modern times. Write some of the merits as well as the demerits of the unitary form of government. Expand your answer by examining certain features that distinguish the unitary form of government from the federal form of government.
10 Marks
4. Jean-Jacques Rousseau, as one of the foremost social contract theorists, had propounded an advanced theory about the emergence of the state. Discuss the social contract theory of Jean-Jacques Rousseau in relation to the development of the state. Also examine the drawbacks in Jean-Jacques Rousseau's social contract theory in relation to the origin of the state.
10 Marks
5. The primacy of Judiciary and its functions has burgeoned a great deal in the modern democratic nations. Often, the efficiency and fairness of a modern democratic government is gauged from the point of how the judiciary operates independently. In this light, explain

the main functions of judiciary in a democratic political system, not least the judicial review, custodian of constitution and judicial activism. Also, discuss some of the prerequisites in order for the judiciary to be independent.

10 Marks

6. Legislature, as a most indispensable organ of the government performs manifold functions in the modern times. Explain some of the primary functions of the legislature as evinced in a modern democratic government. Further your answer by explaining the tools of direct legislation such as referendum, plebiscite, recall and initiative.

10 Marks

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Subject Code: 1.4 Sociology - I

Time: **2:00 Hrs.**

Total Marks: **50**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
2. Unnecessary queries on the Question Paper shall not be entertained.
3. Do not write anything on the question paper. It will be treated as malpractice.

Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. India has long been reckoned as the most stratified of all known societies. The Caste is seen as a system per excellence of social stratification- Dipankar Gupta.
Therefore, discuss the features of the Indian caste system and highlight some of the changes that have occurred within the caste system in India with suitable illustrations.
6+4=10 Marks
2. According to Iravati Karve, three things are absolutely essential for the understanding of any cultural phenomenon in India. These are: the configurations of the linguistic regions, the institution of caste and the family organisation.
In the light of the aforementioned statement, discuss the key features of the North Indian Kinship System and contrast it to the South Indian Kinship system.
7+3=10 Marks
3. I.P. Desai draws attention to the shortcomings of studies based exclusively on censuses in which common residence is viewed as the only defining principle of the joint family.
In the light of the aforementioned statement discuss the difference between Iravati Karve's and I.P. Desai's conception of the Indian joint family. Is the joint family in India fast disappearing due to the process of its nuclearisation? Justify your answer.
4+6=10 Marks
4. What is rural- urban continuum? Draw out a comparison between some of the core features of peasant society and the core features of urban society in India.
2+8=10 Marks
5. Discuss about the 'micro' perspective of studying society. Use suitable illustrations to justify your answer.
6. What is a reference group? Discuss the relationship between society and culture with suitable illustrations. Highlight some of the informal means of social control.
2+8=10 Marks

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Semester End Examination (December, 2019)

Subject Code: 1.5 Legal Methods and Social Sciences

Research Methodology

Time: **2:00 Hrs.**

Total Marks: **50**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
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Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Elaborate the statement, “Research is scientific process involving various steps”.
2. Discuss in detail the importance and significance of formulation of ‘research problem’.
3. Explain the difference between doctrinal and non- doctrinal research methodologies.
4. Elaborate the importance and significance of Hypothesis in the progress of research.
5. Write an essay on ‘the Status of Legal Education of in India in 21st Century.’
6. Write notes on:
 - (a) Interview method.
 - (b) Content analysis.

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Subject Code: 1.6 Law of Torts and Motor Vehicles Act

Time: **2:00 Hrs.**

Total Marks: **50**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
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Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Discuss the essentials of the tort of Defamation. Also distinguish between libel and slander.
2. What do you mean by Objective theory of negligence? Discuss the essentials of negligence as a tort as opposed to it being a state of mind.
3. What is the principle of vicarious liability? Discuss the essential ingredients of vicarious liability.
4. D, a doctor, injected some children with Hepatitis B vaccine. The children were taken ill because of the presence of some toxin in the vaccine used by D who purchased it from C, a reputed chemist. C, in turn, had purchased the vaccine from M, the manufacturer. Decide the tortious liability, if any, of D, C and M towards the children discussing the concept of 'duty of care' as enunciated by Lord Alkin in *Donoghue V. Stevenson*.
5. Discuss the salient features of the **Motor Vehicles (Amendment) Act 2019**.
6. Discuss the various remedies available to a plaintiff against the defendant in an action for tort of false imprisonment. Also highlight the importance of the writ of *Habeas Corpus* as a remedy against false imprisonment.
