

NLUA
NATIONAL LAW UNIVERSITY, ASSAM
B.A.,LL.B.(Hons.): II-Year, IV-Semester (Academic Year: 2016-17)
Semester End Examination (May - June, 2017)
Subject Code: 4.1 Economics - II

Time: **2:00 Hrs.**

Total Marks: **50**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
2. No clarification shall be sought on the question paper.
3. Do not write anything on the question paper. It will be treated as malpractice.

Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Why do you think a strictly economic definition of development is inadequate? Illustrate with the help of hypothetical or real examples of situations in which a country may be developing economically but still underdeveloped. **4+6**
2. "Economic growth is said to be a necessary but not sufficient condition to eradicate absolute poverty and reduce inequality." In the light of the given statement, discuss the concepts of Lorenz curve and Gini coefficient highlighting the relationship between the two. Also analyse why should we be concerned with the measurement of absolute poverty in developing nations. **7+3**
3. How are population growth, poverty and environmental degradation interrelated? Mention some of the costs associated with environmental degradation. What steps might governments of less developed countries take to reduce the impact of environmental degradation? **4+3+3**
4. "The problem of rural - urban migration has been one of the most pressing problems for developing countries like India" – In the light of the given statement, discuss Arthur Lewis' model of unlimited supply of labour force and suggest the measures required to apply the theory in developing countries. **10**
5. What do you mean by convergent and divergent series of investments? Briefly discuss the theory of unbalanced growth and its suitability for developing and underdeveloped economies. **3+7**
6. Briefly analyse the effects of international trade on a country's development." The proponents of free trade, primarily the developed countries advocate that the liberalization of trading relationships between the rich and the poor countries would work towards the long run benefit of all countries especially the poor countries" – do you subscribe to the view? Support your answer with relevant arguments.

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Semester End Examination (May - June, 2017)
Subject Code: 4.2 Constitutional Law - I

Time: **2:00 Hrs.**

Total Marks: **50**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
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Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Critically examine the Discretionary powers of the President and Governor in India.
2. Mr. Damodar Singh failed to obtain a vote of confidence from the House of People, thereafter he resigned and simultaneously advised the President to dissolve the House, which was acted upon by the President and Mr. Singh was asked to continue until a new Council of Ministers could be formed. Decide by citing relevant Constitutional provisions and Cases.
3. The Parliament has power to amend the Constitution including any of the fundamental rights. Is this power unlimited? Critically examine the constitutional amendments and landmark cases on the point.
4. One Amina Begum files a writ petition before the Supreme Court to declare Muslim Personal Law which enables a Muslim male to give a unilateral Triple Talaq to his wife without her consent as offending her fundamental rights in Articles 14 & 15 of the Constitution. Discuss in the light of Uniform Civil Code and the fundamental right contained under Article 25 of the Constitution.
5. What do you mean by Judicial Review? What are the Constitutional limitations on the Court's power of judicial review?
6. Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Doctrine of eclipse
 - (b) Separation of power

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B.A.,LL.B.(Hons.): II-Year, IV-Semester (Academic Year: 2016-17)
Semester End Examination (May - June, 2017)
Subject Code: 4.3 Family Law - I

Time: **2:00 Hrs.**
Total Marks: **50**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
 2. No clarification shall be sought on the question paper.
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Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Discuss the validity of the following marriages:
 - (i) B a Christian, marries G a Hindu, who is his mother's father's son's son's son's daughter.
 - (ii) B a Hindu boy who is twenty years old marries G a Hindu girl who is eighteen years old.Support your answer on the basis of relevant provisions of law and on the basis of decided cases.
2. Elucidate the importance and significance of understanding the discourse on sources of law in the personal laws regime.
3. In the context of women and family law in India, describe whether the Indian marriage laws have been able to ensure equality in marriage, during marriage and on the dissolution of marriage. Support your answer on the basis of relevant provisions of law and on the basis of decided cases.
4. Discuss in detail any three grounds of divorce under Hindu Marriage Act, 1955. Support your answer on the basis of relevant provisions of law and on the basis of judicial opinions.
5. What do you understand by the *muamlat* and *ibadat* aspects of Muslim marriage law, is it purely contract or a mix of divine acts and dealings among men? Also explain the objects and essentials of Muslim marriage.
6. "The multifarious form of the *Talaq* under the Muslim Law reflects the wholesomeness of Muslim Law." Critically appraise the concept of divorce law under Muslim law on the basis of relevant laws and judicial opinion.

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B.A.,LL.B.(Hons.): II-Year, IV-Semester (Academic Year: 2016-17)
Semester End Examination (May - June, 2017)
Subject Code: 4.4 Indian Penal Code

Time: **2:00 Hrs.**

Total Marks: **50**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
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Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. On the 8/8/16, Razia and Atul eloped and got married in Guwahati. Two days later, when Atul was returning home in the evening, suddenly five men armed with daggers, hockey sticks and lathis came charging towards him. Atul recognised Razia's brothers Salim and Abdul from amongst the attackers. Atul tried to run away but did not succeed and he was beaten up by the assailants. Atul found an iron rod lying on the road and hit Salim on the head with it. Consequently, Salim died on the spot.

(a) Who will be the accused in the above case? Has the accused person committed any offence? Support your answer with appropriate sections of law.

(b) State any six circumstances under which the right of private defence of body extends to the voluntary causing of death of the assailant.

(4+6 =10)

2. On 4/06/16, Sonu, a boy of about 10 years did not return home from school. Two days after the incident on 6/06/16, Mr.Sarma the father of boy, received a phone call from a man who told him that his son Sonu was with him and was well and then demanded a sum of Rs.20,00,000/-. The manner in which the money was to be paid and the place where and to whom it was to be delivered in exchange for Sonu was communicated. The person also told Mr. Sarma that he would kill Sonu if he did not receive the money demanded and if Mr. Sarma informed the police about the same.

(a) Explain with suitable sections of law what offence has been committed.

(b) Distinguish between Kidnapping and Abduction with suitable illustrations and case laws.

(4+6 =10)

3. At a wedding, Soma was the sister of the bride, while Sailesh was a guest from the groom's side. During one of the wedding rituals, in which the brides side hides the grooms shoes

and asks for money in return for them, Soma and Sailesh got into a bitter argument. Sailesh took this as a big insult and swore to take revenge on Soma. Two months later, when Soma was riding to work on her scooter, Sailesh and another man came in front of her. While the other man grabbed her handbag, Sailesh threw Soma down on the road from her scooter and poured acid on her face which disfigured her face completely.

(a) Under what section of *Indian Penal Code*, 1860, can Swapan be convicted? What is the punishment prescribed for such an offence? Give reasons for your answer.

(b) State any six kinds of hurt that can be categorised as “grievous hurt” as provided for in the *Indian Penal Code*, 1860.

(4+6=10)

4. Mr. Das is the editor of a local newspaper. He threatens Ms. Nalini to publish a defamatory article about her in his newspaper unless she gives him Rs. 30,000/-. Ms. Nalini gives the money to Mr. Das.

(a) What offence has Mr. Das committed? Give reasons for your answer with suitable sections of law.

(b) Distinguish between “Robbery” and “Dacoity”? Support your answer with suitable illustrations.

(4+6=10)

5. John without any reason fires a loaded gun indiscriminately into a crowded mall as a result of which Rani, who is among the people in the mall is killed. John did not have any pre-meditation to kill Rani.

(a) Has John committed any offence? Give suitable reasons for your answer.

(b) State and explain in detail the exceptional circumstances under which culpable homicide does not amount to murder?

(4+6=10)

6. The Nirbhaya gang rape case in Delhi triggered widespread protests across the country which resulted in a plethora of changes in *The Indian Penal Code*, 1860 (IPC). Elucidate in detail the changes incorporated through *The Criminal Law Amendment Act*, 2013 in the IPC.

(10)

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B.A.,LL.B.(Hons.): II-Year, IV-Semester (Academic Year: 2016-17)
Semester End Examination (May - June, 2017)
Subject Code: 4.5 Contract Law - II

Time: 2:00 Hrs.

Total Marks: 50

INSTRUCTIONS:

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Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) What are the grounds of termination of Contract of Agency?
(b) Explain the effect of ratification of an unauthorized act in a Contract of Agency.
2. (a) What are the rights and liabilities of different parties in a Contract of Agency in relation to an undisclosed principal?
(b) What is the difference between Disclosed principal, Undisclosed principal and Unnamed principal? Support your answer with illustrations.
3. (a) Define the concept of pledge in the light of Indian Contract Act 1872? Is delivery of possession an essential component of Contract of Pledge?
(b) Define the rights of a Pawnee in a Contract of Pledge?
4. Elaborate on the definition and nature of partnership in the light of Indian Partnership Act 1932.
5. (a) "A person must be damnified before he claims to be indemnified". Explain the above statement on the light of *Gajanan Moreswar vs Moreswar Madan*.
(b) Do the insurance contracts fall under category of Contract of Indemnity?
6. Write short notes on the following:
 - a. Difference between contract of bailment and pledge.
 - b. Liability of a surety.
 - c. Contract of guarantee.

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Semester End Examination (May - June, 2017)
Subject Code: 4.6 Jurisprudence - II

Time: **2:00 Hrs.**

Total Marks: **50**

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Read the questions carefully and answer.
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Answer any five questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. With the help of relevant illustration critically examine the idea that A's claim right might entail a correlative duty on the part of B, but A's liberty does not entail any duty on B not to interfere.
Hohfeld believed that the apparent internal complexity of rights is because uncertainty in the use of the term rights. By referring to the jural relations as developed by Hohfeld examine the different manifestations of rights as has been identified by Hohfeld.
(4+6)
2. With the help of relevant examples examine the different kinds of rights in re aliena. How are rights in re aliena different from rights in re propria?
(7+3)
3. Discuss the various theories of origin of property. Critically examine the relevant theories as has been discussed find out whether the concept of property has become obsolete in modern times.
(5+5)
4. With the help of relevant examples examine the difference between double capacity and double personality. Critically examine the concept of corporate personality explain whether a corporation can have same rights like that of a citizen.
(5+5)
5. By explaining the concepts of possession in fact and possession in law examine, with the help of relevant examples, the idea that law in protecting possession of A assumes that A has possession in fact, but it doesn't, however, mean that possession in fact and possession in law are identical or present in A at the same time.
(10)
6. By analyzing the different incidents of ownership explain how an owner can be identified as opposed to a mere encumbrancer. What are legal and equitable ownership and trust and beneficial ownership?
(4+6)

